Severe Maternal Hypertension and Obstetric Hemorrhage in Illinois

- Severe maternal hypertension and obstetric hemorrhage are leading causes of maternal morbidity and mortality in Illinois.

Public Act 101 0390 all birthing facilities and emergency departments and other staff that care for pregnant and postpartum women conduct annual continuing education regarding management of severe maternal hypertension and obstetric hemorrhage for all staff that may care for pregnant or postpartum women.

What are hospitals being asked to do?
- Facilitate and record refresher training for all staff who may care for pregnant and postpartum women.

How can birthing facilities fulfill this requirement?
- Choose from a variety of training options:
  - Staff and facilities e-modules
  - Simulation training
  - AIM, ACOG drills
  - IDPH Hemorrhage Project
  - Link to full list of approved training [HERE]

Why should hospitals submit training data?
- Track annual fulfillment of Public Act 101-0390
- Identify areas for quality improvement initiatives
- Data used by I PROMOTE-IL and ILPQC to identify opportunities to provide further support to hospitals statewide

Related Past Initiatives
- Illinois Perinatal Quality Collaborative (ILPQC) Severe Maternal Hypertension Quality Initiative
- Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) Obstetric Hemorrhage Education Project

When is data being collected?
- Submit data at any time, once per year
- ONE person from each hospital should report per birthing facility

Where can hospitals enter data?
- [Report your completion of 2020 training requirements HERE]

- Mental health conditions (10 deaths)
- Non-cardiovascular pre-existing health conditions (8 deaths)
- Hemorrhage (8 deaths)
- Cardiomyopathy (6 deaths)
- Thrombotic pulmonary embolism (6 deaths)

- The Illinois Maternal Mortality Review Committee (MMRC) has identified provider knowledge and facility policies and practices as key critical factors that contribute to morbidities and deaths due to severe maternal hypertension and obstetric hemorrhage.