



ILPQC BASIC Teams Call

December 21, 2020

1:00 – 3:00pm

Call Overview

- Introductions
- BASIC Overview
- AIMS, Key Driver Diagram, and Measures
- Unpacking the Toolkit
- 10 Steps to Get Started with BASIC
- Upcoming Calls & Timelines
- Questions



Save the Date!

2021 OB & Neonatal Face-to-Face Meetings

Nurses, Providers, & Staff
join us for an interactive day
of collaborative learning for
current ILPQC initiatives!

**OB Teams:
May 26, 2021**

**Neonatal Teams:
May 27, 2021**

More information
coming soon!

Virtual Meeting

M Northwestern Medicine
Feinberg School of Medicine

Illinois Perinatal Quality Collaborative
633 N. St. Clair, 20th Floor
Chicago, IL 60611

2021



Annual Conference

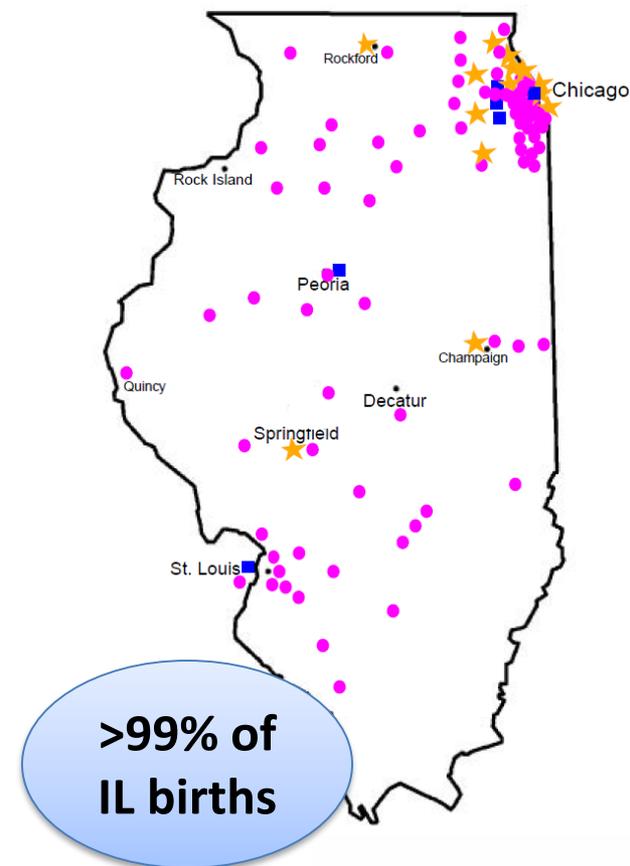
October 28, 2021

ILPQC STRUCTURE AND SUPPORTS

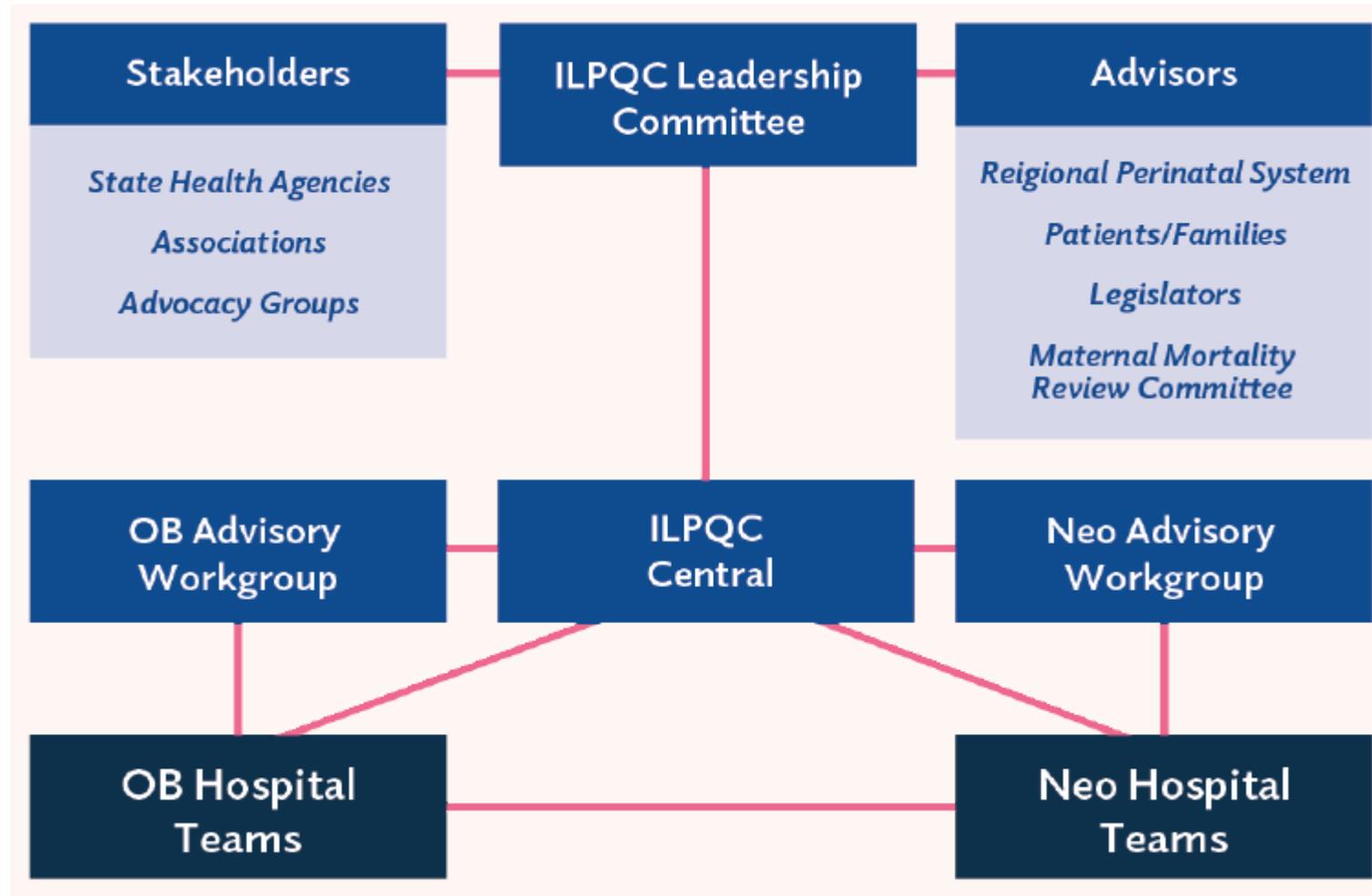
Illinois Perinatal Quality Collaborative (ILPQC)



Multi-disciplinary, multi-stakeholder Perinatal Quality Collaborative with 107 Illinois hospitals participating in 1 or more initiative



ILPQC Infrastructure



ILPQC Central Team



Ann Borders

ILPQC Executive Director, OB Lead



Leslie Caldarelli & Justin Josephsen
Neonatal Leads



Patricia Lee King

State Project Director, Quality Lead



Daniel Weiss & Autumn Perrault
Project Manager, Nurse Quality Manager



Kalyan Juvvadi
Data System Developer



Ieshia Johnson & Ellie Suse
Project Coordinators



ILPQC: Three Pillars Support Quality Improvement Success

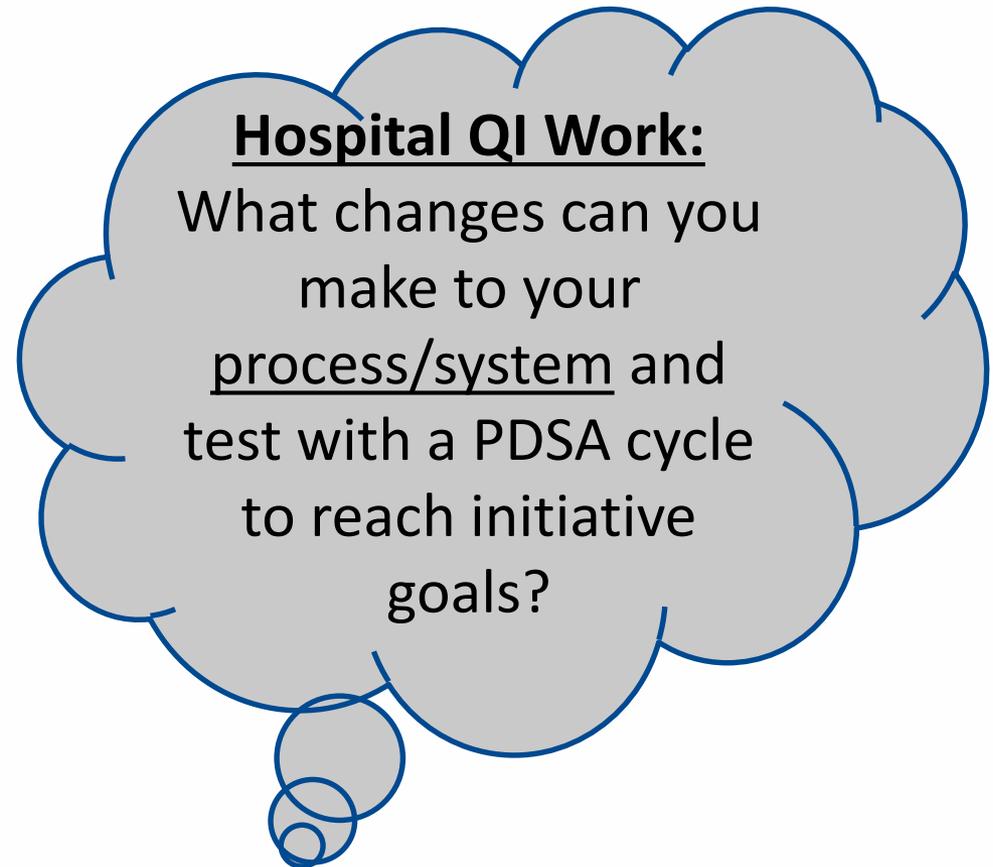


What is Quality Improvement?

The Model for Improvement



© 2012 Associates in Process Improvement



BASIC OVERVIEW

Don't Forget to Submit Your BASIC QI Team Roster!



- To date, we have 69 ILPQC hospitals signed up to participate in the BASIC initiative
- It is not too late to submit your team's QI roster- if you have not yet please do so today!
<https://redcap.healthlnk.org/surveys/?s=H8P8TAPF33>
- Submitting a QI team roster is a foundational aspect of initiative participation, don't miss out on this opportunity!
- If you have any additions/edits to your roster, please email Dweiss@northshore.org

Why Neonatal Antibiotic Stewardship?

Antibiotics are essential in fighting infections in newborns, but wide variations in antibiotic prescribing for newborn infections can lead to unnecessary or prolonged antibiotic exposure resulting in short- and long-term adverse outcomes such as:

- Mother-baby separation
- Reduced breastfeeding and increase formula supplementation
- Impaired development of intestinal microbiome
- Longer term chronic conditions including asthma, allergies, and obesity
- Antibiotic resistance



Why did ILPQC choose BASIC?



Responds to feedback from ILPQC Neonatal QI Teams, Advisory Group, Leadership Group, and Illinois stakeholders

Addresses critical importance and can affect all **babies** and **hospitals** of all perinatal levels



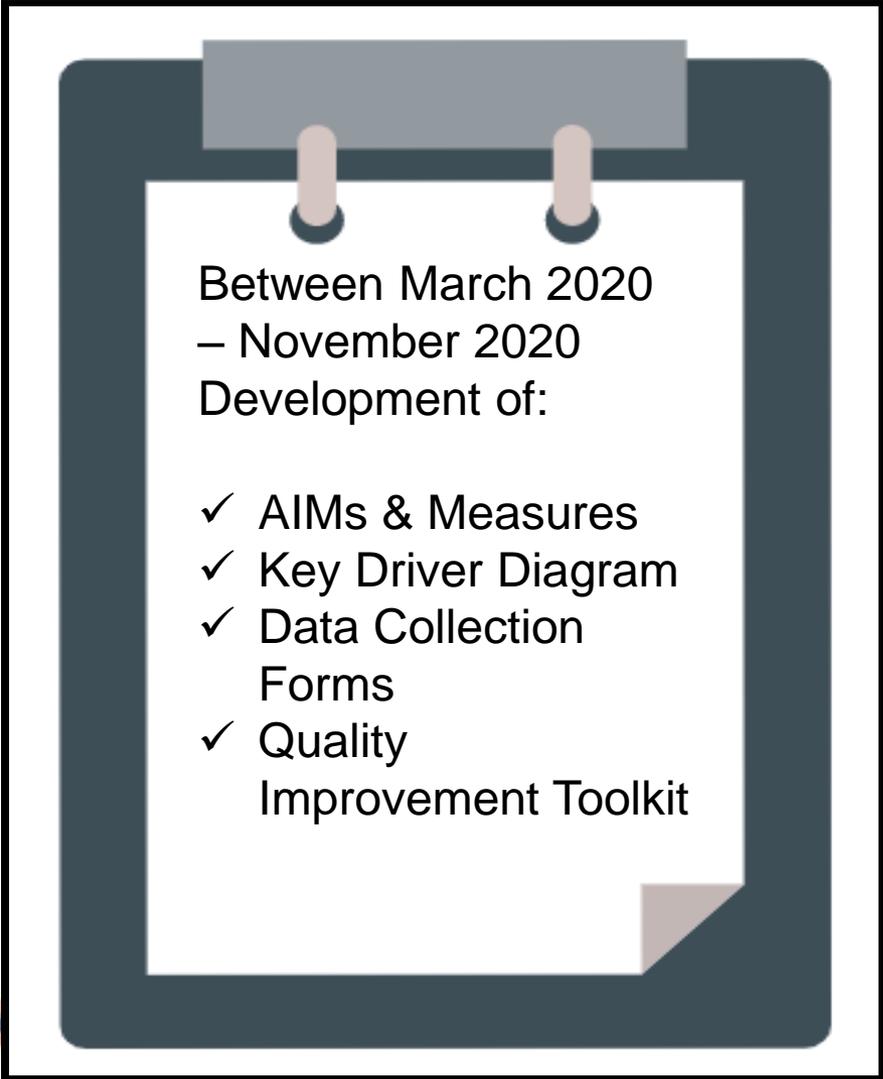
Supplements work hospitals have implemented with VON's AS initiative



Builds on lessons learned from other PQCs who have proven effective strategies & focused AIMS to improve outcomes

Thank you to all that helped plan the BASIC Initiative!

- **BASIC Wave 1 Teams**
- **BASIC Planning Workgroup**
- **BASIC Clinical Leads:**
 - Gustave Falciglia, MD
 - Jodi Hoskins, DNP, MSN-Ed, RNC
 - Kenny Kronforst, MD
 - Patrick Lyons, MD
 - Sameer Patel, MD, MPH



Between March 2020
– November 2020
Development of:

- ✓ AIMs & Measures
- ✓ Key Driver Diagram
- ✓ Data Collection Forms
- ✓ Quality Improvement Toolkit

Thank you BASIC Wave 1 Teams

Network	Hospital	Level
UC	Edward Hospital	III
UC	MacNeal Hospital	II
UC	University of Chicago Medical Center	III
Stroger	John H. Stroger Hospital	III
NU	Northwestern Memorial	III
NU	Northwest Community	III
UIC	UIC	III
UIC	Advocate Children's- Park Ridge / Lutheran General	III
Loyola	Loyola University Medical Center	III
Loyola	Morris Hospital	II
Rush	Rush Copley Medical Center	III
Rush	Advocate Sherman Hospital	II
Rush	AMITA Health St. Joseph Hospital - Chicago	III
Rockford	Javon Bea Hospital	III
Rockford	Swedish American	II+
St. John's	Carle Foundation Hospital	III
St. John's	Memorial Medical Center	II
St. Francis	OSF St. Francis Medical center	III
St. Francis	Advocate BroMenn Medical Center	II
Cardinal Glennon	Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital	III
Cardinal Glennon	SSM Health St. Mary's- St. Louis	III
Cardinal Glennon	Memorial Belleville/East	II

BASIC AIMS, KEY DRIVERS, AND MEASURES

ILPQC BASIC



Vision: ILPQC hospitals, regardless of perinatal level or past experience with implementing newborn antibiotics initiatives, will implement best practices to provide: the right antibiotics for the right babies for the right duration

AIMs:

- Decrease by 20% (or absolute rate of 4%) the number of newborns, born at ≥ 35 weeks who receive antibiotics
- Decrease by 20% the number of newborns with a negative blood culture who receive antibiotics for longer than 36 hours



DRAFT BASIC

Key Driver Diagram



AIMS

By June 2022, ILPQC Hospitals will:

- A. Decrease by 20% (or absolute rate of 4%) the number of newborns, born at ≥ 35 weeks who receive antibiotics
- B. Decrease by 20% the number of newborns with a negative blood culture who receive antibiotics for longer than 36 hours

Primary Drivers

- Implement QI infrastructure
- Monitor & share transparent antibiotic data
- Initiate timely and appropriate antibiotics
- Administer and de-escalate antibiotics
- Deliver equitable care

Change Ideas

- Create multidisciplinary antibiotic stewardship QI team
 - Educate healthcare team on best practices
 - Educate and support partners and family
- Coordinate with IT to implement reporting system
 - Review transparent data and debrief with providers
- Standardize risk assessment for early onset sepsis (EOS)
 - Communicate with OBs to share maternal risk for EOS
 - Implement protocols for serial assessment with response to worsening status
- Consistently obtain blood cultures
 - Partner with inpatient lab to process blood culture results
 - De-escalate therapy based on culture and sensitivity results
 - Implement pharmacy protocols to assure appropriate use
 - Standardize dosing guidelines and order sets
 - Implement process to discuss antibiotic duration and course
 - Implement automatic stop order processes
- Provide training and education on social determinants, cultural sensitivity, and implicit and explicit bias
 - Develop QI efforts to ensure care to eliminate disparities
 - Identify social determinant needs of families and link to resources
 - Implement process to assist families after discharge

Data to Drive Change



Structure Measures - lead to lasting changes



- Gives a sense of a health care provider's capacity, systems, and processes to provide high-quality care.

For example:

- Whether the health care organization uses electronic medical records or medication order entry systems
- The number or proportion of board-certified physicians
- The ratio of providers to patients

Structure Measures



- Identifying Hospital-Level Measures: Hospital policies, protocols, and educational curriculum for providers, staff, and patients
- Building a foundation with hospital-level (structure) measures to standardize systems & drive optimal care
- Planning for sustainability at the onset

Structure Measures



- Are the policies and practices in place that are needed to make systems improvements and facilitate culture change improvements?
- Hospital-level measures tracked **monthly** on the systems changes a hospital is making on an initiative
- Report Type: Stacked bar charts

Structure Measures

Data Monitoring, Transparency, and Stewardship Infrastructure

- Provider and nurse education on abx stewardship & equitable care
- Patient education
- Electronic reporting system in EMR
- Quality Improvement Strategies to ensure feedback is provided to clinical team

Structure Measures

Timely and Appropriate Initiation of Antibiotics

- Standardized risk assessment for early onset sepsis
- Partnership with obstetric team to standardize communication about maternal risk factors for early onset sepsis
- Standardized serial assessment of neonates
- Standardized identification and response to neonates with worsening clinical status

Structure Measures

Appropriate Administration and De-escalation

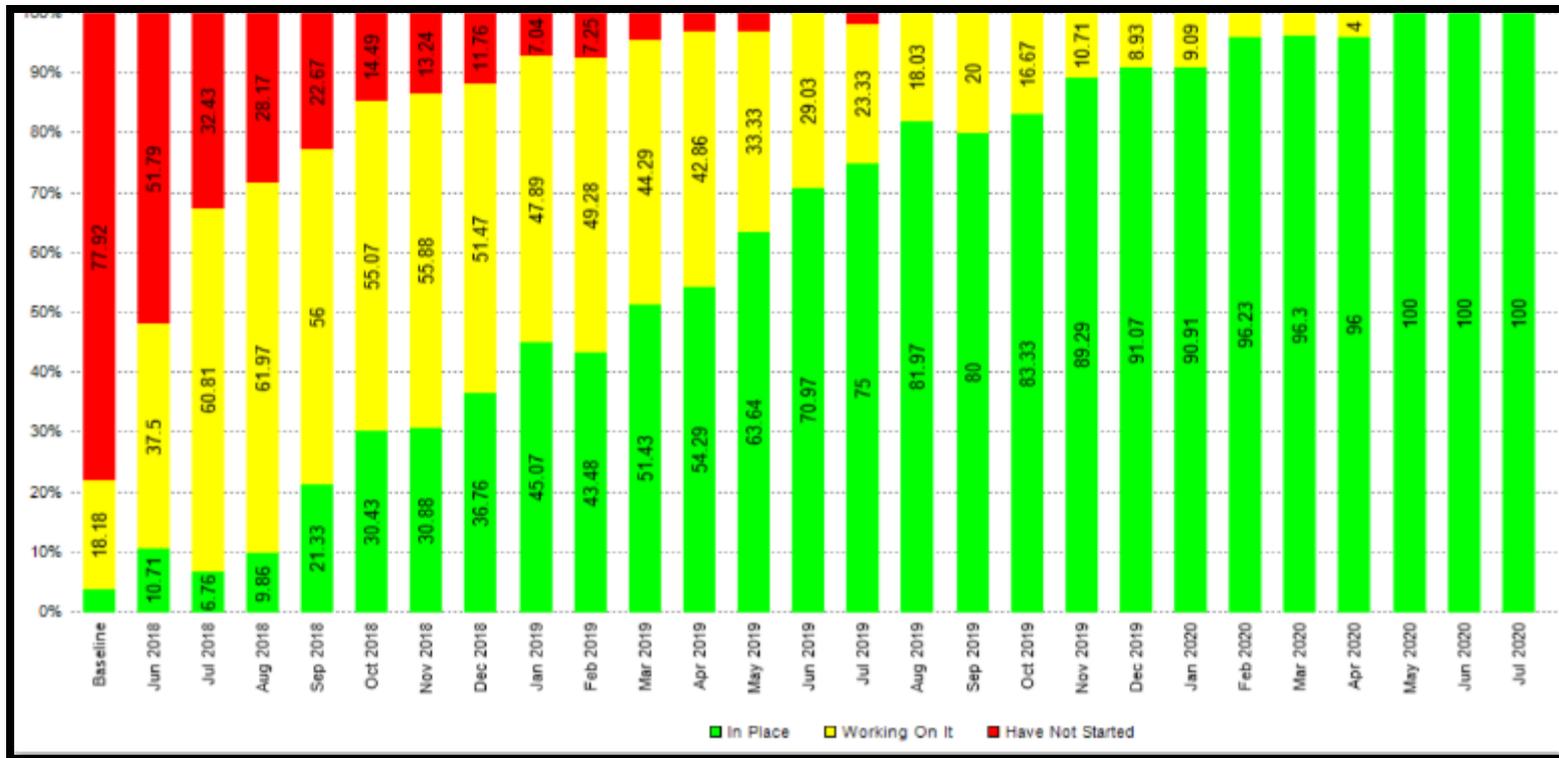
- Standardized protocols to properly and consistently obtain blood cultures
- Partnership with inpatient lab to optimize timely processing of blood culture results and communication with care team
- Protocols to assist staff to stop or de-escalate therapy based on culture and sensitivity results
- Standardized dosing guidelines
- Standardized team approach to discuss anticipated duration of abx course at initiation of abx
- Standardized automatic stop order process

Structure Measures

Equitable Care Delivery

- Standardized process to review antibiotic data by race/ethnicity and share with providers and staff
- Implementation of social determinants of health tool and facilitate coordinated connection to community resources and follow up
- Provide information at the appropriate health literacy level
- Provide communication in preferred language

Measuring Progress - Structure Measures



Process Measures:

Process measures indicate what a provider does to maintain or improve health, either for healthy people or for those diagnosed with a health care condition. These measures typically reflect generally accepted recommendations for clinical practice.

For example:

- The percentage of people receiving preventive services (such as mammograms or immunizations).
- The percentage of people with diabetes who had their blood sugar tested and controlled.

The majority of health care quality measures used for public reporting are process measures

Process Measures

- Are the parts/steps in the system performing as planned? Are we on track in our efforts to improve the system?
- Patient-level measures tracked monthly on the clinical culture changes being implemented
- Report Type: Run Charts

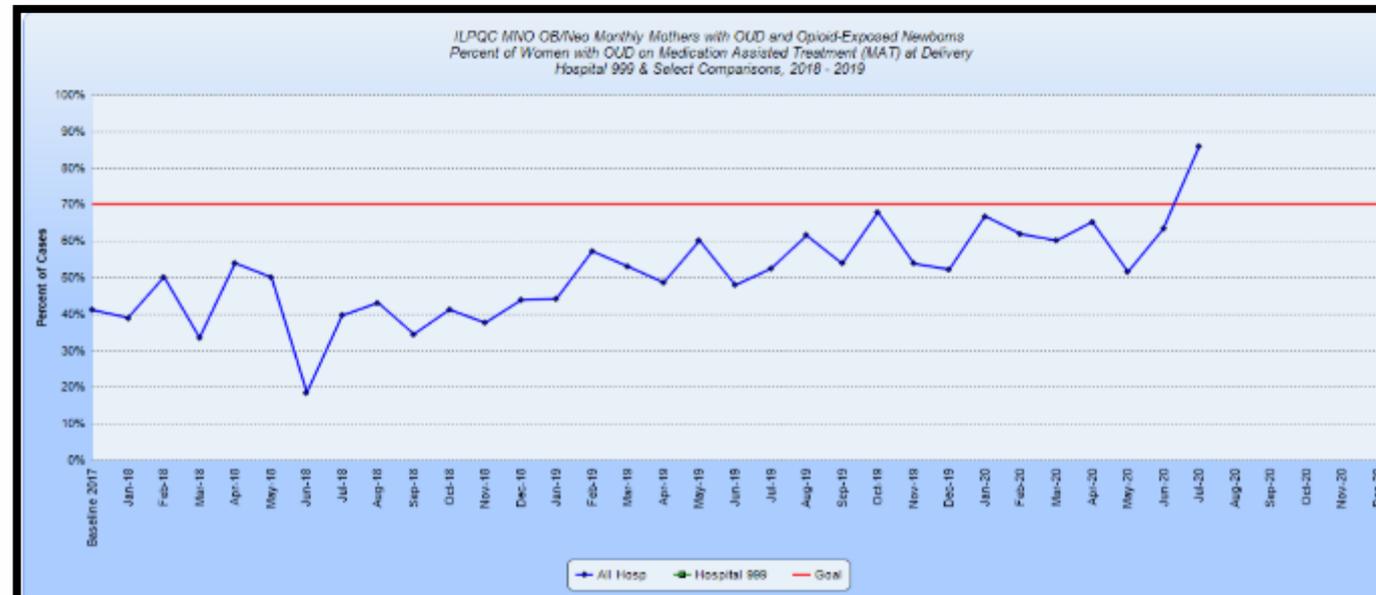
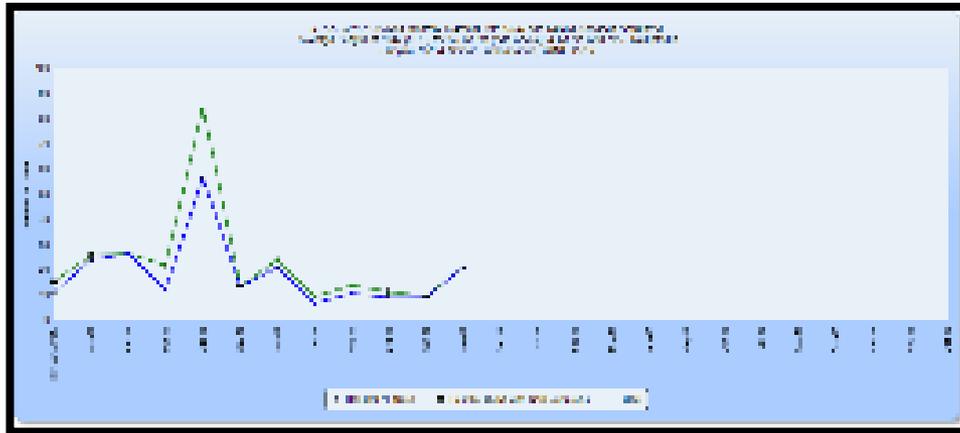
Process Measures

- % of parents/families with newborns who received antibiotics who were provided education on antibiotics, early onset sepsis, and treatment plan for newborn antibiotics and early onset sepsis
- % of newborns <35 weeks gestation who received antibiotics with a risk assessment algorithm used and documented to evaluate risk of EOS
- % of newborns ≥ 35 weeks gestation who received antibiotics with a risk assessment tool used and documented to evaluate risk for early onset sepsis (EOS)

Process Measures

- % of all newborns who received antibiotics with documentation of maternal risk factors for neonatal EOS in the pediatric medical chart
- % of all newborns with anticipated duration of antibiotic course discussed by the clinical team at the initiation of antibiotics
- % of all newborns with an antibiotic automatic stop time order entered into the medical chart

Types of Measures ILPQC Uses to Measure Progress - Process



Balancing Measures



- Ensuring there are no unintended consequences of the quality improvement initiatives

BASIC Data Collection



BASIC Data Collection



Patient-level Data



Hospital-level Data

ILPQC Babies Antibiotic Stewardship Improvement Collaborative (BASIC) Monthly Newborn Data Form	
Data Collection Instructions:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Please collect data on all newborns of all gestational ages receiving any intravenous (IV) antibiotics within the first 72 hours of life. Exclude newborns requiring surgical procedures or antibiotics for surgical prophylaxis within the first 72 hours of life. If a newborn that receives any intravenous (IV) antibiotics within the first 72 hours of life is transferred, the receiving hospital will submit data on the newborn and should request from the transferring hospital any information pertinent to completion of the data form. Data will be submitted monthly for all newborns born that month who meet the following definition. Data should be submitted by the 15th of the month for the previous month. 	
REDCAP Identifiers	
REDCAP Record ID	REDCAP Record ID: _____ (automatically generated)
Hospital ID Number	Hospital ID Number: _____
A. Maternal Demographics	
1. Maternal Age	Maternal Age: _____
2. Type of Delivery	<input type="checkbox"/> Vaginal <input type="checkbox"/> Cesarean section without labor <input type="checkbox"/> Cesarean section with labor
B. Infant Demographics	
3. Location of initial admission	<input type="checkbox"/> Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (Level 3/4) <input type="checkbox"/> Immediate Care/Special Care Nursery (Level 2/2E) <input type="checkbox"/> Newborn Nursery (Level 1)
4. Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)	Date of Delivery ____/____/____
5. Time of Birth (HH:MM)	Time of Birth ____:____
6. Gestational age at birth (weeks, 0-44)	Gestational age, weeks: _____
7. Gestational age at birth (days, 0-6)	Gestational age, days: _____
8. Birth Weight (grams)	Birth weight: _____
9. Insurance Status	<input type="checkbox"/> Medicaid/Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private

ILPQC BASIC: Monthly Structure Measures Data Collection Form	
REDCAP Study Identifiers	
1. REDCAP Record ID	REDCAP Record ID: _____ (automatically generated)
2. Hospital ID Number	Hospital ID Number: _____
3. Please select the time period for this quarterly data:	<input type="checkbox"/> Baseline (Oct-Dec 2020) <input type="checkbox"/> January 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> February 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> March 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> April 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> May 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> June 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> July 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> August 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> September 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> October 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> November 2021 <input type="checkbox"/> December 2021
Data Monitoring, Transparency, and Stewardship Infrastructure	
Total number of newborns admitted <35 weeks gestation this month (excluding newborns requiring surgical procedures or antibiotics for surgical prophylaxis within the first 72 hours of life): _____	
Total number of newborns admitted <35 weeks gestation this month transferred out month (excluding newborns requiring surgical procedures or antibiotics for surgical prophylaxis within the first 72 hours of life): _____	
Total number of newborns born at ≥35 0/7 weeks gestation this month (excluding newborns requiring surgical procedures or antibiotics for surgical prophylaxis within the first 72 hours of life): _____	
Total number of newborns born at ≥35 0/7 weeks gestation this month transferred out (excluding newborns requiring surgical procedures or antibiotics for surgical prophylaxis within the first 72 hours of life): _____	
Total number of newborns born at <35 weeks gestation this month that had a blood culture drawn within 72 hours of birth? _____	
Total number of newborns born at ≥35 0/7 weeks gestation this month that had a blood culture drawn within 72 hours of birth? _____	
4. Hospital has implemented a process for standardized education for healthcare team on neonatal antibiotic stewardship best practices and equitable care	<input type="checkbox"/> Haven't started <input type="checkbox"/> Working on it <input type="checkbox"/> In place
At the end of this month, cumulative proportion of neonatal/pediatric providers educated on neonatal antibiotic stewardship best practices and equitable care	<input type="checkbox"/> 10% <input type="checkbox"/> 20% <input type="checkbox"/> 30% <input type="checkbox"/> 40% <input type="checkbox"/> 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 60% <input type="checkbox"/> 70% <input type="checkbox"/> 80% <input type="checkbox"/> 90% <input type="checkbox"/> 100%
5. At the end of this month, cumulative proportion of neonatal/pediatric nurses educated on neonatal antibiotic stewardship best practices and equitable care	<input type="checkbox"/> 10% <input type="checkbox"/> 20% <input type="checkbox"/> 30% <input type="checkbox"/> 40% <input type="checkbox"/> 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 60% <input type="checkbox"/> 70% <input type="checkbox"/> 80%

BASIC Monthly Patient-level Data Collection



- Please collect data on all newborns of all gestational ages receiving any intravenous (IV) antibiotics within the first 72 hours of life.
- Exclude newborns requiring surgical procedures or antibiotics for surgical prophylaxis within the first 72 hours of life.
- If a newborn that receives any intravenous (IV) antibiotics within the first 72 hours of life is transferred, the receiving hospital will submit data on the newborn and should request from the transferring hospital any information pertinent to completion of the data form.
- Data will be submitted monthly for all newborns born that month who meet the following definition. Data should be submitted by the 15th of the month for the previous month.

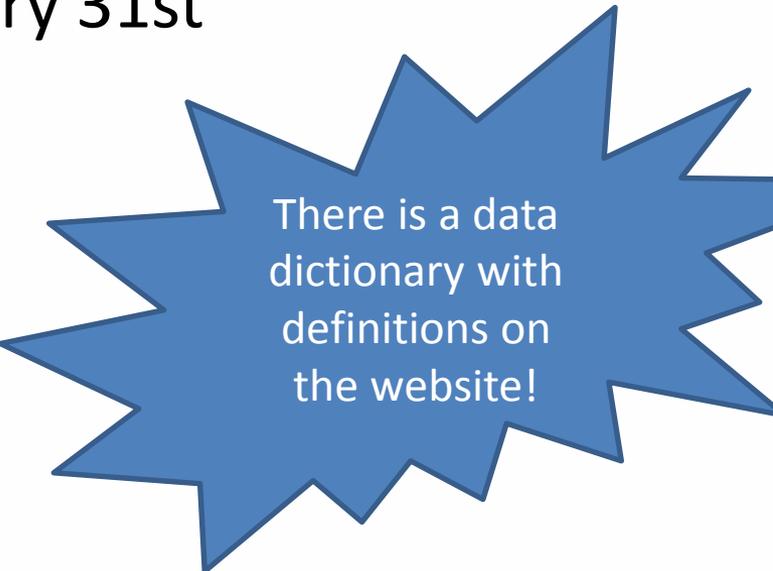
Baseline Data Collection

Baseline Data Collection

- (Oct, Nov, Dec 2020) due January 31st

If you missed our BASIC Data Calls

- recordings are available at <https://ilpqc.org/basic2021/>



There is a data dictionary with definitions on the website!

REDCap

- REDCap access has been granted by those identified when you submitted your BASIC team roster
- If you have edits to those who need access, please email dweiss@northshore.org

When and how often to submit the data



	Monthly Data Patient-Level	Monthly Hospital Measures
Data Collection Form(s) Name	BASIC Monthly Newborn Data Form	BASIC Monthly Hospital Data Form
Who/what are we collecting data on?	Newborns of all gestational ages receiving antibiotics within 72 hrs of life	Track your QI systems changes: patient and provider education, protocol implementation, mapping resources, process flow etc.
Baseline Time Period	October – December 2020 (Quarter 4)	
Baseline Due Date	January 31, 2021	
Prospective Data Collection Start	January 1, 2021	
Prospective Data Due Date	January 2021 due February 28 th 2021 15 th of the month for future months	

Helping you use your data for BASIC success

Coming
Soon!!!

natal
ity Collaborative

We are SO excited to introduce a new data dashboard to optimize your monthly data review

Overall Antibiotics prescribing rate with improved hospital comparison

Monthly summary of key performance measures

Race/Ethnicity Comparisons



Access to real time data allows your hospital to see the effects of QI strategies and drive QI efforts.

TOOLKIT RESOURCES

Toolkit Sections

- Initiative QI & Data Resources
- National Resources/Guidance
- Driver 1: Data Monitoring, Transparency, and Stewardship Infrastructure
- Driver 2: Timely and Appropriate Initiation of Antibiotics
- Driver 3: Appropriate Administration and De-escalation
- Driver 4: Equitable Care Delivery



A	B	C
Categorical Risk Assessment	Neonatal Early-Onset Sepsis Calculator	Enhanced Observation
<p>Signs of clinical illness → Yes → Blood cultures^a Empiric antibiotics</p> <p>No ↓</p> <p>Maternal intrapartum temperature $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$ (100.4°F) → Yes → Blood cultures^a Empiric antibiotics</p> <p>No ↓</p> <p>GBS IAP indicated for mother? → No → Routine newborn care</p> <p>Yes ↓</p> <p>Adequate GBS IAP^b given? → No → Clinical observation for 36-48 hours after birth</p> <p>Yes ↓</p> <p>Routine newborn care</p>	<p>Incidence of Early-Onset Sepsis</p> <p>Gestational age</p> <p>Highest maternal intrapartum temperature</p> <p>ROM (hours)</p> <p>Maternal GBS status</p> <p>Type of intrapartum antibiotics</p>	<p>Signs of clinical illness → Yes → Blood cultures^a Empiric antibiotics</p> <p>No ↓</p> <p>Maternal intrapartum temperature $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$ (100.4°F) or inadequate indicated GBS IAP? → Yes → Serial physical examination and vital signs for 36-48 hours Blood cultures^a and empiric antibiotics if infant develops signs of clinical illness</p> <p>No ↓</p> <p>Routine newborn care</p>

BASIC Online Living Toolkit

Up to date resources all available online at

<https://ilpqc.org/basic2021/>

Toolkit

Introduction

Initiative QI & Data Resources

National Resources/Guidance

Driver 1: Data Monitoring, Transparency, and Stewardship Infrastructure

Driver 2: Timely and Appropriate Initiation of Antibiotics

Driver 3: Appropriate Administration and De-escalation

Driver 4: Equitable Care Delivery

Driver 1: Data Monitoring, Transparency, and Stewardship Infrastructure

Create a QI Team for BASIC

- [Power of PQCs \(paper\)](#)
- [QI Leader Support Call Recording \(11.13.2020\)](#)

Educate Healthcare Team on Antibiotic Stewardship Best Practices

- [Neonatal/Pediatric Provider & Nursing Education Resources/Slide Set \(Coming Soon\)](#)
- [ILPQC Grand Rounds Slide Set \(Coming Soon\)](#)
- [CDC Core Elements of Hospital Antibiotic Stewardship Programs \(2019\)](#)

Educate and Provide Anticipatory Guidance to Families on EOS & Antibiotic Therapy:

- [Antibiotics and your baby \(PQCNC\)](#)
- [5 Questions to Ask Your Baby's Doctor Before Your Baby is Given Antibiotics \(PQCNC\)](#)
- [Bedside Antibiotic Countdown \(PQCNC\)](#)

10 STEPS TO GET STARTED WITH BASIC

10 Steps to Prepare for BASIC

**START
HERE!**

Schedule regular BASIC QI team meetings

1

Attend **QI Team Lead Support Call**
- Provider & RN Champions

2

Review the **ILPQC BASIC Data Collection Form**
and discuss strategies for data collection

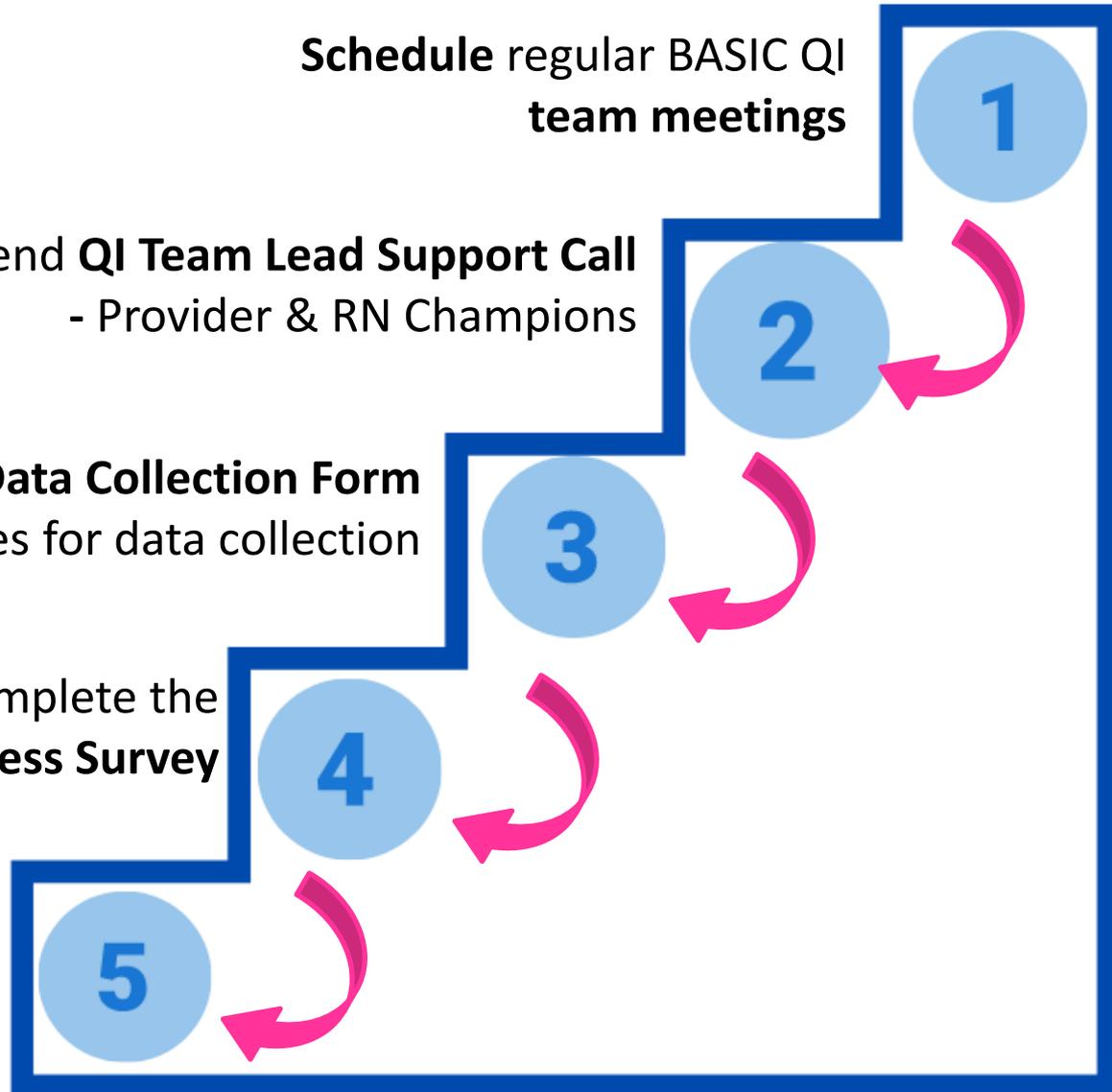
3

Work with your QI team to complete the
BASIC Teams Readiness Survey

4

Create a **process flow diagram** to
reflect your current process for
antibiotic decision making

5



10 Steps for Teams to Prepare for BASIC

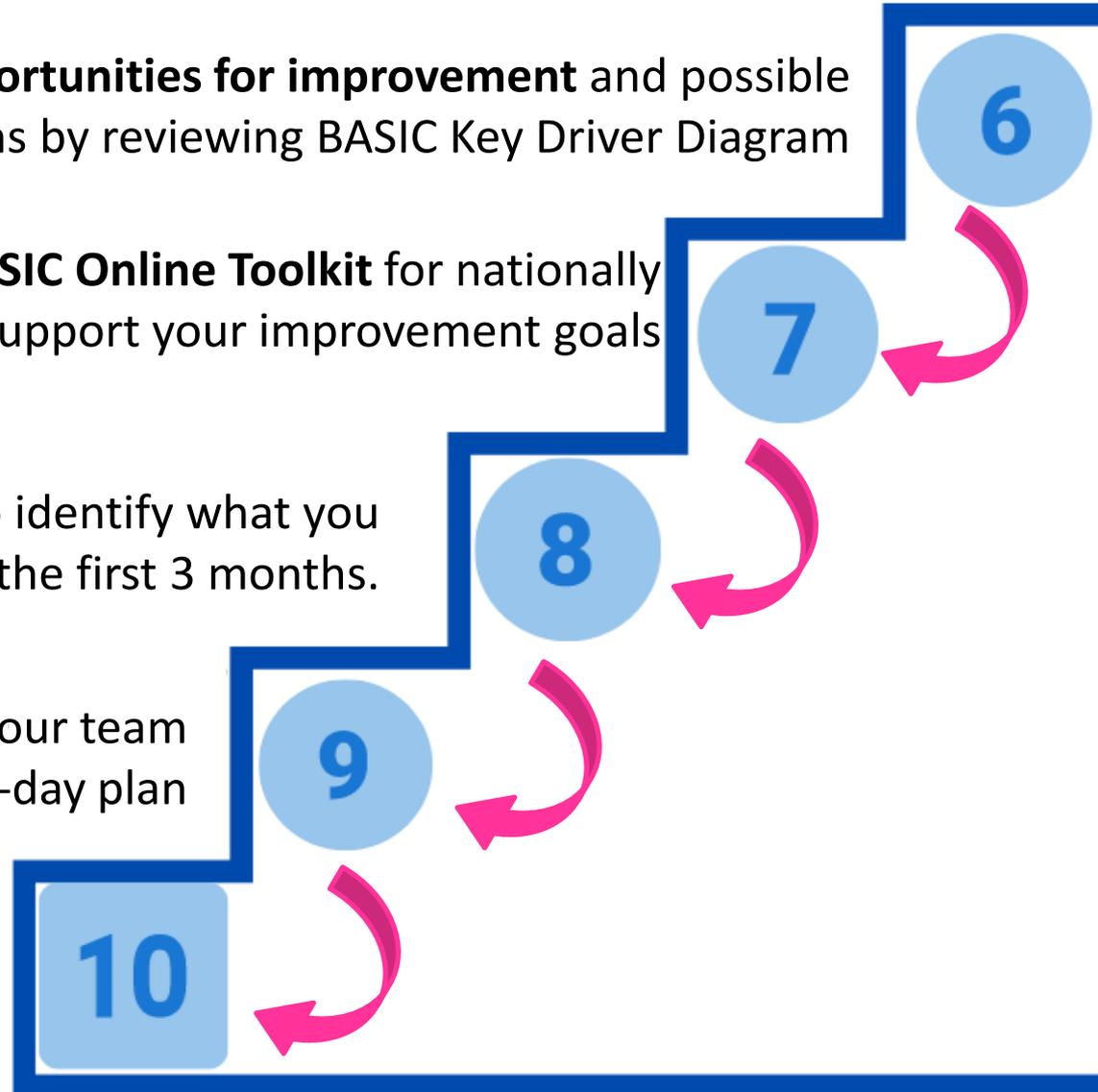
Identify opportunities for improvement and possible interventions by reviewing BASIC Key Driver Diagram

Review the **ILPQC BASIC Online Toolkit** for nationally vetted resources to support your improvement goals

Create a **30/60/90 day plan** to identify what you want to accomplish in the first 3 months.

Plan your first **PDSA cycle** with your team to address your 30/60/90-day plan

Reach out to ILPQC for help and celebrate your successes early and often.



BASIC Readiness Survey



- The BASIC Readiness Survey is **LIVE**
- Why this is important for you to complete?
 - Helps you identify current barriers and opportunities
 - Helps ILPQC know how best to support you
 - Helps identify leaders in the various components of the BASIC initiative to help
- Link to complete here:
<https://redcap.healthlnk.org/surveys/?s=WNRAR>
[EP88P](#)
- Please work with your BASIC QI team to complete by **January 15, 2021**

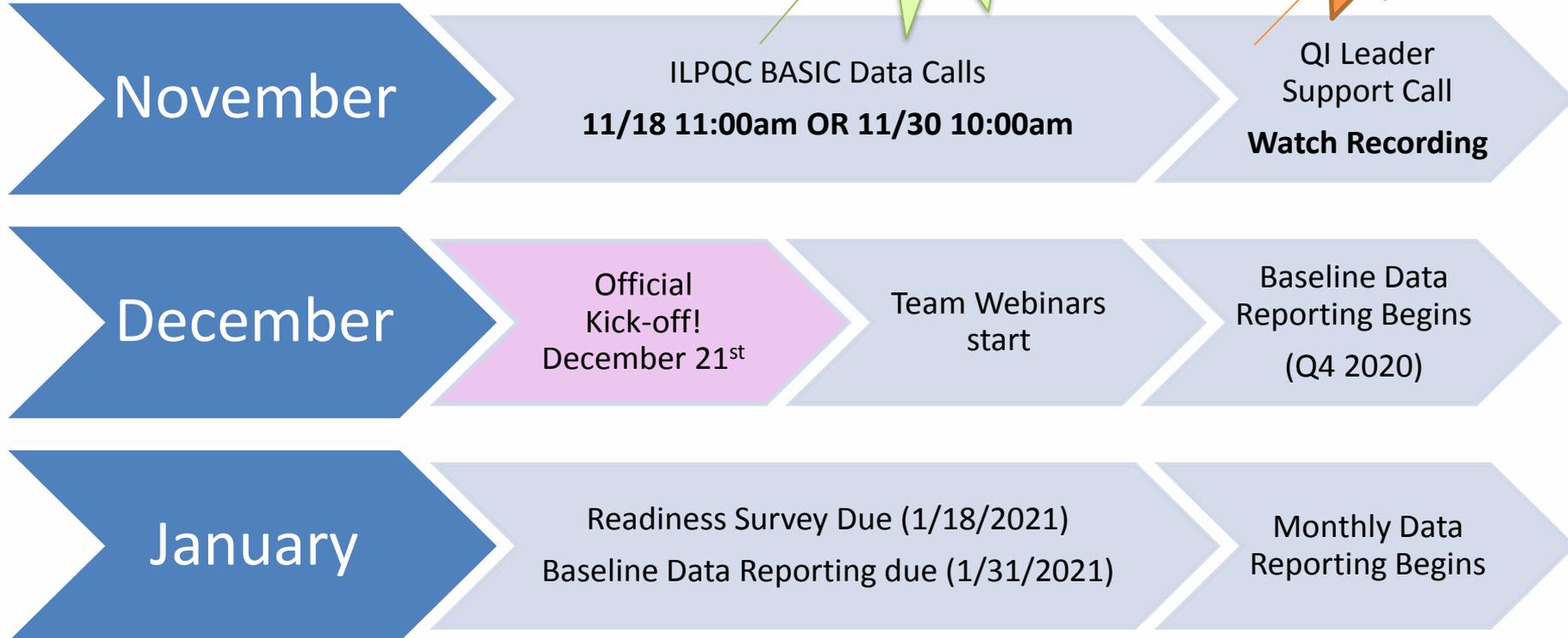
BASIC TIMELINES & WEBINARS

BASIC Timeline



134 attendees

172 attended



Recordings and Slides for QI Leader Support Calls and Data Training Calls can be found here

<https://ilpqc.org/basic2021/>

QI Leader Support Call

We are so excited to announce we will be hosting an encore QI Leader Support Call!!

- The webinar will outline what it means to be a QI leader for the upcoming ILPQC initiatives and will share strategies to help lead a successful QI initiative
- We encourage all QI Team Leads, provider Champions and Nurse Champions to attend
- We will discuss strategies to be an effective leader of a QI Team for the 2021 ILPQC initiatives

Mark your Calendars:
January 7th from 12-1PM

BASIC Webinars

Date	Topic
December 21, 2020 1-3 pm	BASIC Initiative Launch Call
2021 Monthly Webinars	Monthly BASIC Teams Calls (3rd Monday of Month from 1-2pm CST) (Starting January 2021)

Register for all upcoming webinars here:

<https://northwestern.zoom.us/meeting/register/tJcpc-qppjMpHdWBNEO8WJsLjfDDUz9ucmt2>

BASIC Webinar Topics



- Energizing teams & Tools for teams
- Neonatal Early Onset Sepsis Calculator
- Using the EMR
- Trusting the Blood Culture
- Antibiotic Stop Times
- Culture Negative Sepsis
- Clinical Assessments
- Partnering with OB teams
- Provider Education
- Patient Education
- Disparities in Neonatal EOS Care

Commitment to Equity in Neonatal/Pediatric QI Initiatives

- Provide training and education in the social determinants, cultural sensitivity, and implicit and explicit bias
- Create a dashboard to identify and reduce inequities and disparities
- Provide a standardized tools for screening of all families for social risks and social support
- Create alliances and partnerships with community organizations
- Begin discharge planning and family education at admission, tailored to each family's needs and in a preferred language



PATIENT FAMILY ENGAGEMENT PILOT



- **Are you interested in getting small group and 1:1 support from LaToshia Rouse, national patient advisor and QI expert, to engage patients/ families in your QI work?**



Capt. Wanda D. Barfield, MD Director, CDC Division of Reproductive Health

“Ms. Rouse is doing amazing work to give parents an audible voice in the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit,” Capt. Barfield says. “She is improving the quality of parental involvement in the care of their critically ill newborns.”

PATIENT FAMILY ENGAGEMENT PILOT



- Don't miss out on our patient family engagement pilot exclusively for ILPQC QI teams
 - A series of 5 monthly sessions with LaToshia Rouse to help your hospital get started with patient engagement starting mid - January 2021
 - Pilot the ILPQC Patient Family Engagement Toolkit
 - Please invite **OB and Neo** team members from your hospital (provider or nurse champion)
- LaToshia will offer a custom education and support program to the hospital team and any patient advisors identified during the process
- Don't miss the amazing opportunity to build your hospital capacity to engage patients and families in your work

Email us at
info@ilpqc.org
by January 7
to participate

ABP MOC Part IV!



- **Reminder for pediatric physicians:** It's not too late for 2020 ABP MOC Part IV Credit for participation in **MNO**. Please submit form to info@ilpqc.org
- **BASIC is qualified for MOC Part IV Credits in 2021**
- It's 25 points! ABP.org: *"...You must earn at least 40 points in Part 4 activities every five years..."*

Meaningful participation is defined by the ABP as having an active role in the QI initiative including:

- Intellectually engaged in planning and executing the project
- Implementing the project's interventions (the changes designed to improve care);
- Review data in keeping with the project's measurement plan; and
- Collaborate actively by attending team meetings

10 Steps to Prepare for BASIC

**START
HERE!**

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- Provider & RN Champions

2

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and discuss strategies for data collection

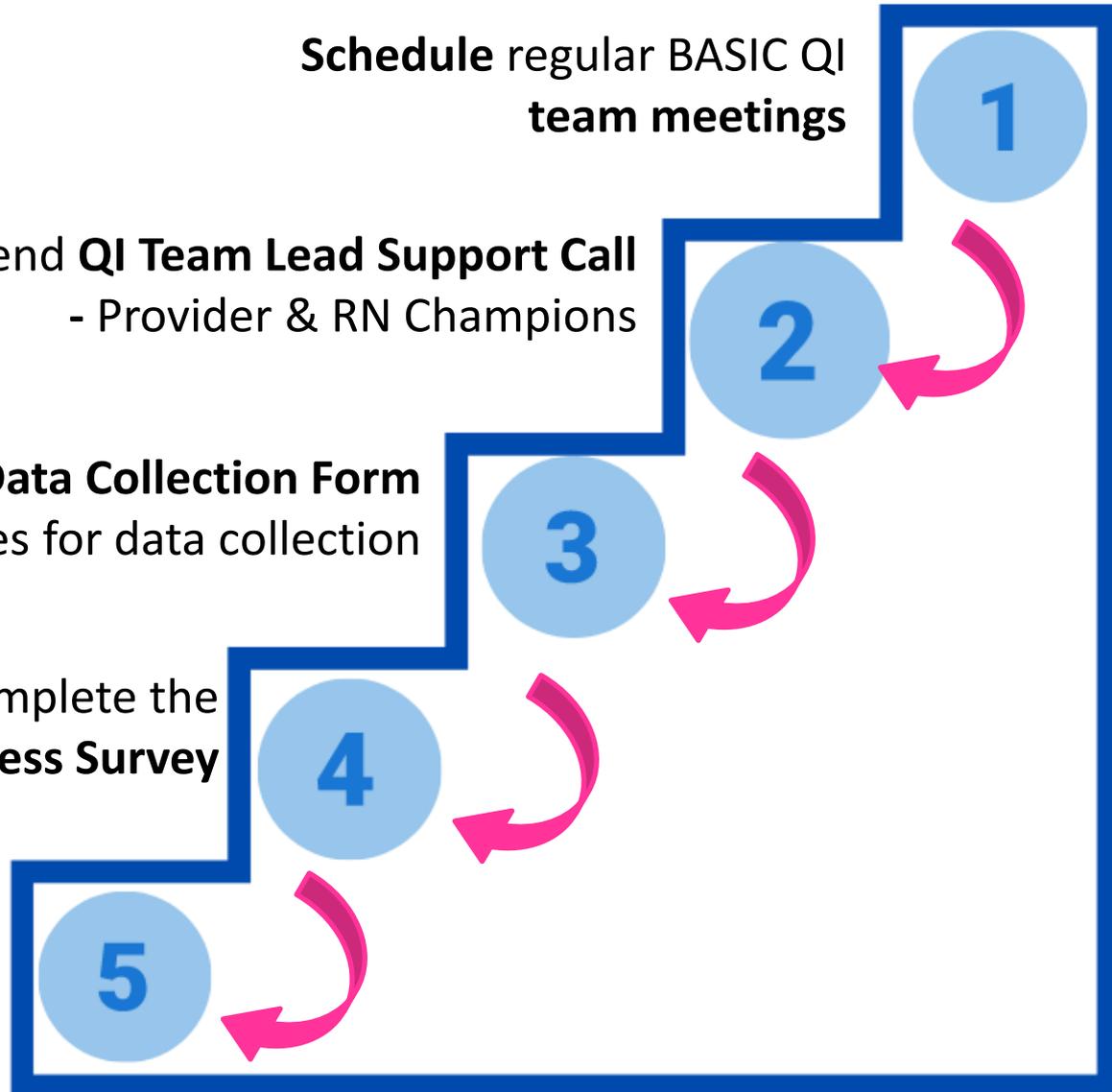
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10 Steps for Teams to Prepare for BASIC

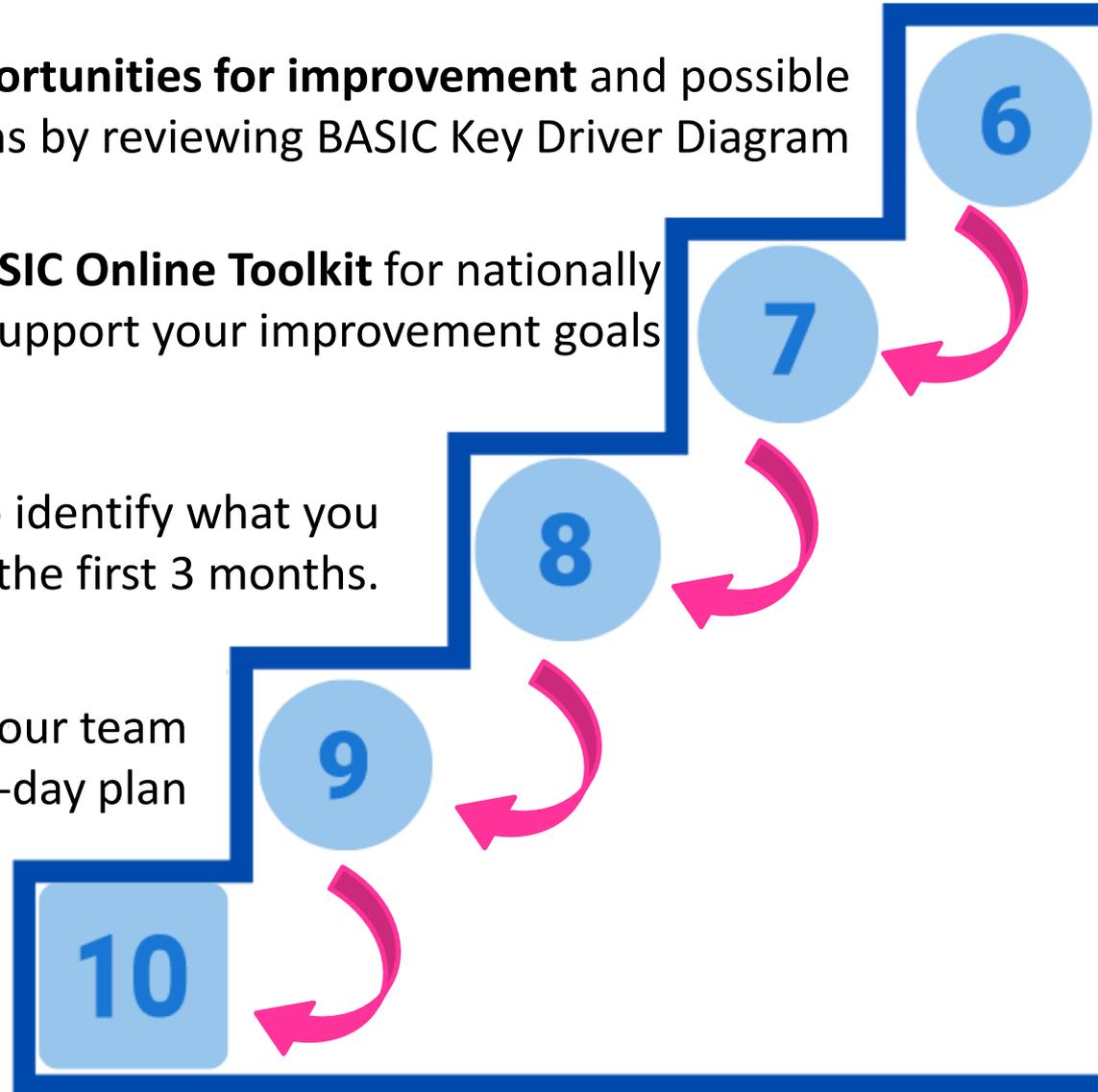
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Plan your first **PDSA cycle** with your team to address your 30/60/90-day plan

Reach out to ILPQC for help and celebrate your successes early and often.



- ✓ [BASIC Readiness Survey](#) by January 15th, 2020
- ✓ Begin data collection for baseline Quarter 4 2020 (October – December 2020).
- ✓ Data Forms opened December 1st, 2020 for those who had requested REDCap access.
- ✓ Add info@ilpqc.org & dweiss@northshore.org to your “Safe Sender List”
- ✓ Email info@ilpqc.org or dweiss@northshore.org with any questions.

QUESTIONS



THANKS TO OUR

FUNDERS



JB & MK PRITZKER
Family Foundation



Email info@ilpqc.org or visit us at www.ilpqc.org